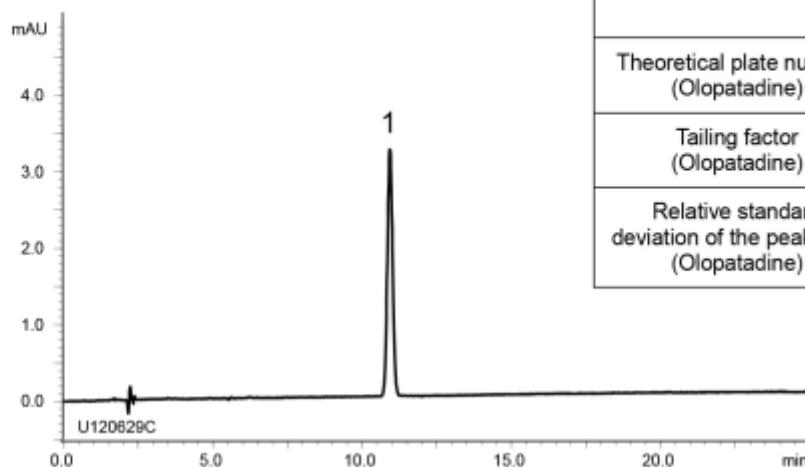
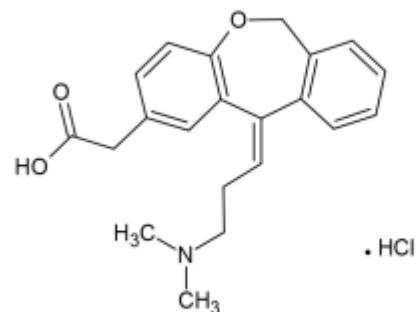
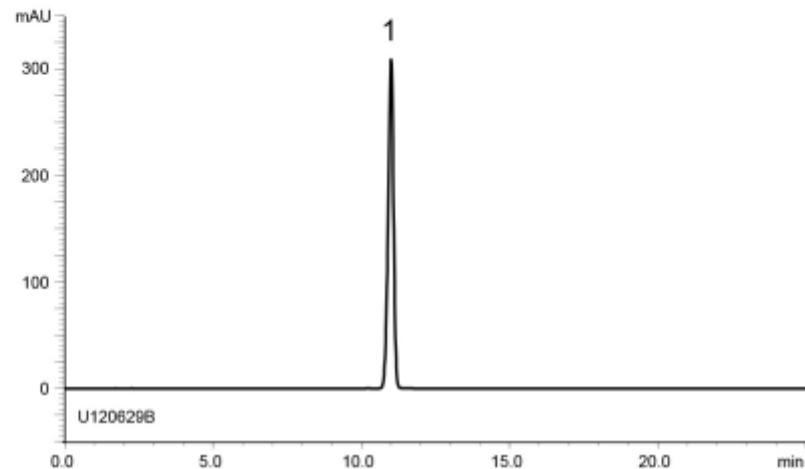


A) Standard solution<sup>\*1</sup>  
(0.005 mg/mL Olopatadine HCl)



	System suitability requirement	Result
Theoretical plate number (Olopatadine)	≥8000	18100
Tailing factor (Olopatadine)	≤2.0	1.08
Relative standard deviation of the peak area (Olopatadine)	≤1.0%	0.07%

B) Sample solution<sup>\*1</sup>  
(0.5 mg/mL Olopatadine HCl)



Olopatadine hydrochloride

Column	: YMC-Triart C8 (5 µm, 12 nm) 250 X 4.6 mmI.D.
Eluent	: phosphate buffer (pH 3.5) <sup>*2</sup> /acetonitrile (11/9) containing 8 mM sodium lauryl sulfate <sup>*2</sup> Dissolve 8.6 g of KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> in 1000 mL of water, adjust pH 3.5 with H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> (49→10000)
Flow rate	: 1.1 mL/min (adjust the flow rate so that the retention time of olopatadine is about 11 min)
Temperature	: 40°C
Detection	: UV at 299 nm
Injection	: 20 µL

(The draft for the Japanese Pharmacopoeia; Related substances)

<sup>\*1</sup> All standard and sample solutions were prepared from Olopatadine hydrochloride supplied as a reagent for laboratory use.