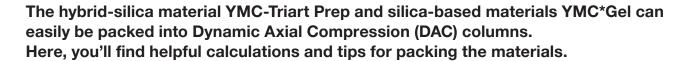
# Packing Silica and Hybrid-Silica Stationary Phases into DAC Columns









# **Calculation of required amount**

#### Calculate amount of the packing material:

 $M_{Material}(g)=r^2(cm^2)x \pi x L(cm)x$  bulk density  $(g/cm^3)$ 

#### **Determine slurry concentration and total slurry volume:**

$$V_{Slurry}(mL) = \frac{M_{Material}(g)}{c_{S}(\%w/v)} \times 100$$

 $V_{Slurry}$  is the total volume of the slurry including the stationary phase and the packing solvent.

# Practical example:

Packing YMC-Triart Prep C18-S into a 250 x 50 mm ID column

 $M_{Material}(g) = 2.5^2 (cm^2) x \pi x 25 (cm) x 0.57 (g/cm^3) = 280g$ 

$$V_{Slurry}(mL) = \frac{280(g)}{30(\%w/v)} \times 100 = 930 \, mL$$

→ For a 30%-Slurry, weigh 280g of stationary phase and add packing solvent to a final volume of 930 mL.

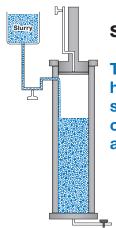
# **Column Packing**



# **Slurry preparation**

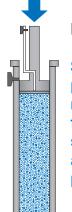
Mix the slurry solvent and the stationary phase in a beaker

or
a slurry container
with a slurry pump
and homogenise.



#### **Slurry transfer**

Transfer the homogenised slurry into the column as soon as possible.



#### **Packing**

Set the packing pressure as recommended for your stationary phase and start the packing.



Stabilise the packed bed under flow by pumping mobile phase for 5–10 CVs.

More detailed support: easy online calculations with the YMC Packing Calculator



# Packing Silica and Hybrid-Silica Stationary Phases into DAC Columns



### **Column Qualification**

#### Qualify the column according to the care and use instructions:

Equilibrate the packed column by pumping the mobile phase.

5-10 CV are recommended for equilibration.

Qualify the packed column as recommended and determine the column performance values.

#### **Practical example:**

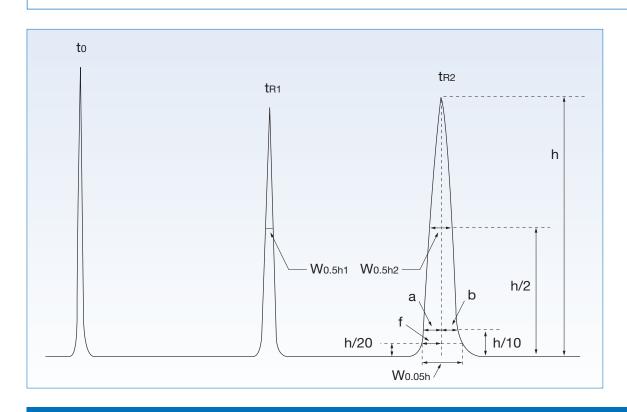
Packing YMC-Triart Prep C18-S into a 250 x 50 mm ID column

Mobile phase: methanol/water (85/15, v/v)

Flow rate: 50 mL/min
Detection: UV at 254 nm

Sample: toluene (40 µL/mL) in mobile phase

Injection: 1 mL



- t₀ Void volume, Column dead-time
- t<sub>R</sub> Retention time
- h Peak height
- W<sub>0.5h</sub> Peak width at half-height
- N Theoretical plate count N=5.54 x  $(t_R/W_{0.5h})^2$
- K' Capacity factor  $k'=(t_R-t_0)/t_0$
- $\alpha$  Separation factor  $\alpha = k'_2/k'_1$
- $R_s = 1.18 \times (t_{R2} t_{R1}) / (W_{0.5h1} + W_{0.5h2})$
- A<sub>s</sub> Asymmetry factor A<sub>s</sub>=b / a
- $T_f$  Tailing factor  $Tf = W_{0.5h} / 2f$

# **Expected theoretical plate count for the different particle sizes:**

Modification	7 µm	10 µm	15 µm	20 µm	50 μm
RP	36,000	25,000	16,000	12,000	4,000

See our new website: www.ymc.eu - Latest news and detailed support

